

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Personal protective equipment
<b>(4)</b>	Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).	

Section 1. F	Product and Company Identification				
Product name / Trade name	hanol	Associate Product's Code		methanol	
Synonym	alcool methylique (french); alcool metilico (italian); carbinol; colonial spirit; columbian spirit; columbian spirits (dot); methanol (dot); metanolo (italian); methyl alcohol; methyl alcohol (dot); methylol; methylalkohol (german); methyl hydroxide; metylowy alkohol (polish); monohydroxymethane; pyroxylic spirit; wood alcohol; wood naphtha; wood spirit	CAS#		67-56-1	
Chemical family	Alcohol. (Solvent.)	Validatio	n date	1/09/2012.	
Chemical formula	C-H4-O	Print date	e	1/18/2012.	
Manufacturer/Supplie	r Recochem Inc. 850 Montee de Liesse Montreal, Quebec 514-341-3550	In case of emergency	Affairs I	nem Inc. unications and Department 78-5544	Regulatory
Material uses	Other non-specified industry: MANUFACTURE OF FORMALDEHYDE AND DIMETHYL TEREPHTHALATE; CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS (METHY AMINES, METHYL CHLORIDE, METHYL METHACRYLATE, AUTOMOTIVE FUELS); ANTIFREEZE; SOLVENT FOR NITROCELLULOSE, ETHYLCELLULOSE, POLYVINYL BUTYRAL, SHELLAC, ROSIN, MANILA RESIN, DYES; DENATURANT FOR ETHYL ALCOHOL; DEHYDRATOR FOR NATURAL GAS; FUEL FOR UTILITY PLANTS (METHYL FUEL); FEEDSTOCK FOR MANUFACTURE OF SYNTHETIC PROTEINS BY CONTINUOUS FERMENTATION; SOURCE OF HYDROGEN FOR FUEL CELLS; HOME HEATING OIL EXTENDER.				

<b>Emergency Overview</b>	WARNING!
5 <b>.</b>	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.
Potential Acute Health Effects	See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.
	Extremely hazardous by the following route of exposure: of ingestion. Hazardous by the following route of exposure: o inhalation. Slightly hazardous by the following route of exposure: of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of eye contac (irritant). Non-sensitizer to skin. Severe over-exposure can result in death.



### Note to Physician

Acute exposure to methanol, either through ingestion or breathing high airborne concentrations can result in symptoms appearing between 40 minutes and 72 hours after exposure. Symptoms and signs are usually limited to CNS, eyes and gastrointestinal tract. Because of the initial CNS's effects of headache, vertigo, lethargy and confusion, there may be an impression of ethanol intoxication. Blurred vision, decreased acuity and photophobia are common complaints. Treatment with ipecac or lavage is indicated in any patient presenting within two hours of ingestion. A profound metabolic acidosis occurs in severe poisoning and serum bicarbonate levels are a more accurate measure of severity than serum methanol levels. Treatment protocols are available from most major hospitals and early collaboration with appropriate hospitals is recommended.

## Section 3. Composition, information on ingredients

Canada

Name CAS number Conc. (% w/w)

Methanol 67-56-1 100

There are no other ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures						
Eye contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.					
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.					
Inhalation	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.					
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.					
Notes to physician	No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.					

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures						
<b>Products of combustion</b>	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide					
Fire-fighting media and instructions	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.					
Fire Hazards	Explosive in the form of vapor when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes when heated to decomposition.					
Explosion Hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.					

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#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill and leak

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill and leak

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

#### Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmenta contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Personal protection

Eyes Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles Possible: face shield

Body Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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Hands Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

## **United States**

#### **Product name**

#### **Exposure limits**

Methanol

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 262 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 200 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

Canada Occupational exposure lim	<u>its</u>	TWA	(8 hour	s)	STEL	(15 min	s)	Ceilir	ıg		
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Methanol	US ACGIH 1/2008 AB 6/2008 BC 6/2008 ON 6/2008 QC 6/2008	200 200 200 200 200	262 262 - 260 262	- - - -	250 250 250 250 250	328 328 - 325 328	- - - -		- - -	- - - -	[1] [1] [1] [1] [1]

[1]Absorbed through skin.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties							
Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.	Odour	FAINTLY SWEET; CHARACTERISTIC PUNGENT [Slight]				
Molecular weight	32.05 g/mole	Taste	Not available.				
pН	7	Colour	Colorless.				
Boiling/condensation point	64.5°C (148.1°F)	Volatility	100% (v/v)				
Melting/freezing point	-98°C (-144°F)	Evaporation rate	2.1 compared to butyl acetate				
Relative density	0.792	Odour Threshold	2000 ppm				
Vapor pressure	96 mm of Hg @ 20°C.	Viscosity	Not available.				

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Vapour Density	1.11 [Air = 1]	Solubility	Soluble in water, diethyl ether.	
VOC content	100 % (w/w)	Other Properties	Not available.	
The product is:	Flammable.			
Auto-ignition temperat	ure 385°C (725°F)			
Flash point	Closed cup: 11°C (51 Open cup: 15.85°C (6			
Flammable limits	Lower: 6% Upper: 36%			
Fire hazards in the presence of various substances	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.  Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat and shocks and mechanical impacts.  Explosive in the form of vapor when exposed to heat or flame. Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes when heated to decomposition.			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity							
Stability	The product is stable.						
Conditions of instability	No additional remark.						
Incompatibility with various substances	·						
Hazardous decomposit products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.						

<u>Canada</u>						
Acute toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result	5	Species	Dose	Ex	posure
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	F	tat tabbit tat	64000 ppm 15800 mg/kg 5600 mg/kg		nours
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.			0 0		
Chronic toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.					
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	May be fatal or cause blir Chronic Exposure Effects headaches, nausea, vom Exposure can cause derr	s can includ niting, unco	de one or all			oning,
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH I	NTP	OSHA

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Mutagenicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive Toxicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive Toxicity
Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

IDLH:
6000 ppm

## Section 12. Ecological information

For accidental discharges into the environment, see Section 6:"Accidental Release Measures" for suggested

instructions.

: Not available.

**Ecotoxicity** : Readily biodegradable

Canada

**Aquatic ecotoxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result Species Exposure

Methanol Acute LC50 2500000 ug/L Marine water Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - 48 hours

Adult

Acute LC50 3289 to 4395 mg/L Fresh Daphnia - Daphnia magna -

water Neonate - <24 hours

Acute LC50 >100000 ug/L Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas - 96 hours

Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,

48 hours

Weanling) - 0.2 to 0.5 g

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Biodegradability** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

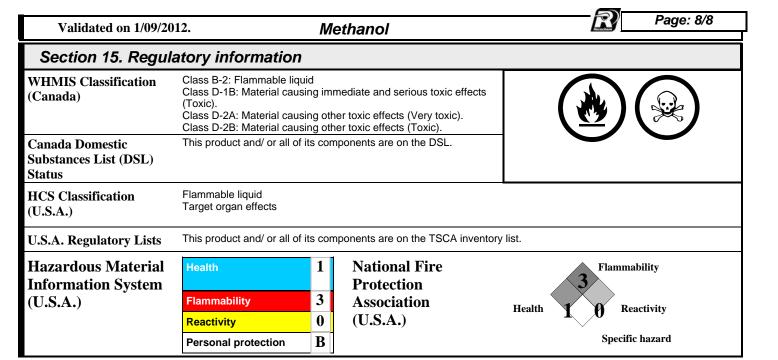
Waste information

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

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variation on 1/0//2012.	Methanol	

	inctiano.	
Section 14. Trans	port information	
Canada TDG Classification	on	
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
Subsidiary class	Class 6.1: Toxic substance.	
Proper Shipping Name	METHANOL	3
(Canada) TDG UN number	UN1230	
Packing Group	II	
Special provisions	43	
IMDG Classification		
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
Subsidiary class	Class 6.1: Toxic substance.	3
Proper Shipping Name IMDG	METHANOL	
UN number	UN1230	No placard (handling and hazard label) required.
Packing Group	II	
Marine pollutant	Not a pollutant.	
Special provisions	Emergency schedules (EmS) 3-06	
	Remarks In containers of 1 L (1Kg) capacity or less this product is classified as a "Limited Quantity" under IMDG regulations	
United States DOT (Class	sification)	
Class	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
Subsidiary class	Class 6.1: Toxic substance.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID POISON
Proper Shipping Name (United States) DOT	METHANOL	3
UN number	UN1230	
Packing Group	II	
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP2	
International Air Transport Association (IATA)	For air shipment classification and associated regulation IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.	ons, please refer to the latest edition of



#### Section 16. Other information

Validated and verified by Compliance and Technical Information Manager on 1/09/2012 ph.# 905-878-5544.

Printed 1/18/2012.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

## MSDS are available at www.recochem.com